# Oil Seed Radish

MICHIGAN - COVER CROP FACT SHEET

# Oil Seed Radish (Raphanus sativus)



#### **Identifying Features:**

- Lobed, irregular leaves
- Rosette leaves all the way down stem
- Deep Taproot

## **Planting Tips**

- Seeding Dates: mid-July mid-September
- **Drilled Seeding Depth**: 0.25 inches 0.5 inches
- Drilled Seeding Rate:
   5–9 lb pure live seed (PLS)/Ac
- Broadcast Seeding Rate: 6–10 lbs PLS/Ac
- Aerial Seeding Rate: 6–11 lbs PLS/Ac

\*For sugar beet cyst nematode suppression, 10-20 lbs PLS/Ac is recommended

- Seed Size: 34,000 seeds/lb
- Minimum Germination Temp.: 45° F
- **Preferred pH**: 6–7.5

### **Termination Tips**

- Winter kill termination, winterkills at 20°F
- Mild winter or a good snow cover before the radish dies can allow it to overwinter
- Chemical termination
- Mechanical Termination
  - Tillage, crimping, mow, graze

#### **Performance**

Dry Matter: 1,500–4,000 lbs/Ac Nitrogen Scavenger: Very Good

Soil Builder: Very Good
Erosion Fighter: Good
Weed Fighter: Very Good
Good Grazing: Very Good
Quick Growth: Excellent

Mechanical Forage Harvest: Fair Cash Crop Interseed: Very Good

#### **Residue Decomposition Rate**

(C:N Ratio)

Slower (80:1) Radish (12-19:1) Faster (10:1)

### **Additional Considerations**

- Excellent for compaction
- Weeds: Fast emergence helps choke out weeds and produces glucosinolate, which reduces weed germination
- Nematodes: select varieties of oilseed radish can be used to trap sugarbeet cyst nematodes
- Potential Issues: Can outcompete other crops in mixes, must terminate timely or can become a weed, odor when decomposing

This fact sheet is a collaborative effort of Michigan State University Extension (MSUE) and the USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) to provide information on cover crops. For more information consult https://www.midwestcovercrops.org/michigan/.

USDA participants should follow the specifications in their conservation plan and the NRCS Cover Crop Termination Guidelines.